# Container 'mariadb'

## Ressourcen

- 1 GB RAM
- 2 Cores
- 8 GB HDD (root-fs)

## System

- interne IPs
  - 10.2.0.100, fd00:10:2:0::100
  - 10.3.0.100, fd00:10:3:0::100 (MariaDB)

## Dienste

- MariaDB 10

## Datenbanken

| Datenbank | Benutzer | Verwendung |
|---|---|---|
| nextcloud | nc_user | Nextcloud |
| wordpress | wp_user | Wordpress |
| wordpress_technikkultur | wp_tk | Wordpress Technikkultur |
| paste | paste | paste |
| etherpadlite | etherpadlite | pad |

## Betrieb

### Datenbank und Benutzer anlegen

1. Zur Datenbank verbinden
   - **sudo mysql**
2. Datenbank anlegen und Benutzer mit Passwort zuweisen

"MariaDB "

```
CREATE DATABASE databasename;
GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON databasename.* TO 'username'@'%' IDENTIFIED BY 'password';
FLUSH PRIVILEGES;
```

### Passwort für Benutzer ändern

1. Zur Datenbank verbinden
   - **sudo mysql**
2. Benutzer neues Passwort zuweisen

"MariaDB "

```
ALTER USER 'username'@'%' IDENTIFIED BY 'password';
FLUSH PRIVILEGES;
```

# Installation

- Standard-Template mit Benutzern

## MariaDB

1. MariaDB-Server installieren
   - **apt-get install mariadb-server**
2. MariaDB - Erstkonfiguration
   - **mysql_secure_installation**
     - Set root password? [Y/n]: **Y**
     - New password: **PASSWORT**
     - Re-enter new password: **PASSWORT**
     - Remove anonymous users? [Y/n]: **Y**
     - Disallow root login remotely? [Y/n]: **Y**
     - Remove test database and access to it? [Y/n]: **Y**
     - Reload privilege tables now? [Y/n]: **Y**
3. Benutzerdefinierte Konfiguration anlegen

```
[mysqld]
# An lokale IP binden
bind-address                    = 10.3.0.100

# Binlog deaktivieren
skip-log-bin

# InnoDB verwenden
default_storage_engine          = InnoDB

# InnoDB-Optimierungen
innodb_buffer_pool_size         = 256M
innodb_log_buffer_size          = 8M
innodb_log_file_size            = 128M

innodb_log_files_in_group       = 2
innodb_flush_log_at_trx_commit  = 2
innodb_flush_method             = O_DIRECT
innodb_file_per_table           = 1
```

4. MariaDB neustarten
   - **systemctl restart mariadb.service**

## Backup mit Borgmatic

1. Debian Testing-Repo „Bullseye) integrieren (für Borgmatic 1.5, da Debian 10 noch Borgmatic 1.2 beinhaltet)
   - Standard-Installationsquelle auf „stable“ stellen und borgmatic aus testing installieren

```
Explanation: Uninstall or do not install any Debian-originated
Explanation: package versions other than those in the stable distro
Package: *
Pin: release a=stable
Pin-Priority: 900

Package: borgmatic
Pin: release o=Debian,a=testing
Pin-Priority: 500

Package: *
Pin: release o=Debian
Pin-Priority: -10
```

   - Testing-Repo integrieren

```
deb http://mirror.hetzner.de/debian/packages bullseye main contrib
deb http://mirror.hetzner.de/debian/packages bullseye-updates main contrib
deb http://mirror.hetzner.de/debian/packages bullseye-backports main contrib
```

2. Borgmatic aus Testing installieren
   - **sudo apt-get update**
   - **sudo apt-get install borgmatic/bullseye**
3. pwgen installieren
   - **sudo apt-get install pwgen**
4. Borgmatic-Konfiguration in der Datei /etc/borgmatic/config.yaml erzeugen
   - **sudo generate-borgmatic-config**
5. SSH-Key erzeugen
   - **sudo ssh-keygen -a100 -t ed25519 -f /root/.ssh/id_borgbackup**
6. SSH-Key bei Backupserver hinterlegen
7. Zufälliges Passwort in Konfiguration erzeugen

```
sudo sed -i -e "s|^    # \(encryption_passphrase: \"\).*\(\"\)$|
\1PASS_TO_REPLACE\2|" /etc/borgmatic/config.yaml
sudo sed -i "s|PASS_TO_REPLACE|$(pwgen -cnysB -1 32 -r \"\^\|\\\\)|"
/etc/borgmatic/config.yaml
```

8. Konfiguration anpassen (USERNAME, SERVERNAME, SSH-PORT ersetzen)

```
location:
    ...
    source_directories:
        - /etc
        - /home
        - /root
        - /usr/local
        - /var/log
    ...
    repositories:
        - USERNAME@SERVERNAME:~/borg
    ...
    one_file_system: true
    ...
    exclude_caches: true
...
storage:
    ...
    encryption_passphrase: "ENCRYPTION-PASSPHRASE"
    ...
    compression: zlib,9
    ...
    ssh_command: ssh -i /root/.ssh/id_borgbackup -p SSH-PORT
...
retention:
    ...
    keep_daily: 7
    ...
    keep_weekly: 4
    ...
    keep_monthly: 6
    ...
    keep_yearly: 1
...
consistency:
    ...
    checks:
        - repository
        - archives
```

```
...
hooks:
    before_backup:
        - dpkg-query -f '${binary:Package}\n' -W > /root/package.list
    ...
    mysql_databases:
        - name: all
    ...
```

9. Borg-Repository initialisieren
   - **sudo borgmatic init --encryption keyfile**
10. Verschlüsselungsinformationen sicher verwahren
    1. Verschlüsselungs-Passwort ermitteln
       - **sudo grep "encryption_passphrase:" /etc/borgmatic/config.yaml**
    2. Verschlüsselungs-Schlüssel ermitteln
       - **sudo cat /root/.config/borg/keys/SERVERNAME-MIT-UNTERSTRICHEN__borg**
11. Erstes Backup initialisieren
    - **sudo borgmatic create --progress --stats**

```
------------------------------------------------------------------------------
Archive name: mariadb-2020-12-05T17:36:48.502653
Archive fingerprint:
9a9c7f769dcd9af1e7f28158e4a3b0d05cb3faae25c45a6e9930591a1414eaa3
Time (start): Sat, 2020-12-05 17:36:49
Time (end):   Sat, 2020-12-05 17:36:55
Duration: 6.57 seconds
Number of files: 472
Utilization of max. archive size: 0%
------------------------------------------------------------------------------
                       Original size      Compressed size    Deduplicated size
This archive:               71.08 MB              2.72 MB              2.53 MB
All archives:               71.08 MB              2.72 MB              2.53 MB

                       Unique chunks         Total chunks
Chunk index:                     437                  464
------------------------------------------------------------------------------
```

12. Backupinhalt nochmal prüfen
    - **sudo borgmatic list --archive latest**

```
USERNAME@SERVERNAME:~/borg: Listing archives
drwxr-xr-x root   root          0 Wed, 2020-11-25 19:49:45 etc
-rw-r--r-- root   root        767 Fri, 2016-03-04 11:00:00 etc/profile
...
```

13. Cronjob einrichten
    - **echo -e "0 3 * * *\troot\t$(which borgmatic) --syslog-verbosity 1" | sudo tee /etc/cron.d/borgmatic > /dev/null**

**Dauerhafter Link zu diesem Dokument:**
**https://wiki.technikkultur-erfurt.de/dienste:bytecluster0002:mariadb?rev=1609425712**

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